				Science LTP (Topic cove	ered by the en	d of the year. Taught i	n order to suit teachers)				
Nursery	Working scientifically I can explore the surrounding natural environment. I can explore natural objects from the surrounding environment. I can plant seed and care for growing plants. I can understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. I can begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. I can understand that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos. Key Vocabulary progression Colours Growing Garden, soil Animal and bird names Flowers, trees, grass Water		 animals. I can compare adult animals to their babies. I can observe how baby animals change over time. I can learn about the life cycles of humans. I can earn how to take care of themselves. 		Forces I can feel Forces. I can explore how things work. I can explore how objects/ materials are affected by forces. I can explore and talk about different forces and how they feel. I can explore how things work. Key Vocabulary progression. Pull push		 Materials and their properties I can explore a range of materials. I can shape and join materials. I can combine and mix ingredients. I can change materials by heating and cooling, including cooking. I can explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. I can use all my senses in hands on exploration of natural materials. I can explore collections of materials with similar and or different properties. I can talk about what I see using a wide vocabulary. I can talk about the differences between materials and changes I notice. Key Vocabulary progression Soft, hard, cold, warm, 		Electricity I can Identify electrical devises. I can use battery — powered devices. Key Vocabulary progression Body Hands Feet, head hair, legs Wires, plug, safety	Light I can explore light sources. I can shine light on or through different materials. Key Vocabulary progression Body Hands Feet, head hair, legs Sun, light, dark, day night, shine	Sound I can make and listen to sounds. Key Vocabulary progression Body Hands Feet, head hair, legs loud, soft, quiet, bang,
Reception		living things and their habitats I can explore plants and animals in the surrounding natural environment. I can explore the animals in the surrounding natural environment. I can explore the plants and animals in a contrasting natural environment. I can describe what I can see, hear and feel whilst outside. I can recognize some environments are different to the one in which I live. I can recognize some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Key Vocabulary progression Colours Crowing Garden, soil Animal and bird names Flowers, trees, grass Water	Animals including humans. I can name and describe animals that live in different habitats. I can describe different habitats. I can describe people who are familiar to them. I can learn about how to take care of themselves. I can talk about members of my immediate family and community. I can name a describe people who are familiar to me. Key Vocabulary progression. Body Hands Feet, head hair, legs		Forces I can feel forces. I can explore how things work. I can explore how objects/ materials are affected by forces. I can explore and talk about different forces and how they feel. I can explore how things work. Key Vocabulary progression. Pull push		Materials and their properties I can explore a range of materials, including natural materials. I can make objects from different materials, including natural materials. I can observe, measure and record how materials change when heated and cooled. I can compare how materials change over time and in different conditions. Soft, hard, cold, warm,		Earth and space I can play and explore outside in all seasons and in different weather. I can observe living things throughout the year. I can understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around me. Key Vocabulary progression Body Hands Feet, head hair, legs	Light I can explore shadows. Key Vocabulary progression Body Hands Feet, head hair, legs Sun, light, dark, day night, shine	Sound I can listen to sounds outside, identify a range of sounds, and identify the source. I can make sounds. Key Vocabulary progression Body Hands Feet, head hair, legs loud, soft, quiet, bang,
Year 1	question, answer, observe, observing, equipment, identify, sort, group, compare, differences, similarities, describe, measurements, test, results, secondary sources research — relevant question record — diagram, chart record — drawings, labelled diagrams, bar charts, tables All living things and their habitation in the compare have never been alive. I can observe changes acrossessors and how day length seasons and how day length seasons, spring, summer, auturn night, sun, moon, light, dark All living things and their habitation in the compare have never been alive. I can observe changes acrossessors and how day length seasons, spring, summer, auturn night, sun, moon, light, dark All living things and their habitation in the compare have never been alive. I can observe changes acrossessors and how day length seasons, spring, summer, auturn night, sun, moon, light, dark I can observe and describe seasons and how day length seasons, spring, summer, auturn night, sun, moon, light, dark I can observe changes acrossessors and how day length seasons and how day length seasons, spring, summer, auturn night, sun, moon, light, dark		seasons. ociated with the onth, year, day, deci (blo: stem nces between things that of	common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. year, day, I can identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. Key Vocabulary progression deciduous, evergreen, tree, leaf, flower (blossom), petals, fruit, bulb, seed, roots, stem, trunk, branches Detween things that are living, dead, and things that can grow habitats to which they are suited and describe how eds of different kinds of animals and plants, and		reptiles, birds and mammals. I can identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores, and omnivores. I can describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets I can identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Key Vocabulary progression amphibians, fish, reptiles, mammals, birds (+ I example of each) herbivore, omnivore, carnivore head, nose, ear, neck, shoulder, arm, elbow, wrist, hand, back, chest, hip, leg, knee, ankle, foot wing, beak, tail, fin sight, smell, touch, taste, hearing wimals, including humans. can notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which row into adults. I can find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) I can describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the			 wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock. I can describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. I can compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Key Vocabulary progression. wood, plastic, glass, paper, metal, rock, hard, soft, rough, smooth, shiny, dull, bendy, stiff 		

• I can identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-

I can describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a

simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.

Key Vocabulary progression

living, dead, habitat, microhabitat, woodland, meadow, hedgerow, pond

right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.

Key Vocabulary progression

survival, water, air, food reproduce, adult, baby, offspring, kitten,

calf, puppy food chain, prey, predator, camouflage, protection

exercise, hygiene, balanced diet

from some materials can be changed by squashing,

Key Vocabulary progression

absorbent, opaque, transparent, squash, bend, flexible, twist,

brick, fabric, elastic, foil, property, solid, waterproof,

bending, twisting, and stretching.

stretch push, pull, roll, slide, bounce

suitable temperature to grow

Key Vocabulary progression

growth, germinate, light, temperature

and stay healthy.

reproduce, lifecycle

Year 3		Light .	Forces and magnets				Plants	Rocks	
Year 4	Working scientifically oral and written explanations, conclusion, predictions, criteria, classify, changes, data, contrast, evidence, improve, secondary sources, guides, keys, construct, interpret research — relevant question data — gather, standard units, record, classify, present record — drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, tables	 I can recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light. I can notice that light is reflected from surfaces. I can recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes. 	I can compare how things move on dig I can notice that some forces need con at a distance. I can observe how magnets attract or others describe magnets as having two I can predict whether two magnets will are facing. I can compare and group together a very they are attracted to a magnet and in Key Visorce, contact, surface, magnetic, attract, attract	repel each other and at poles Il attract or repel each variety of everyday mat dentify some magnetic pocabulary progression repel, pole ns. States	tract some materials and not other, depending on which poles erials on the basis of whether	Animals, including humans I can identify animal, include humans, need right types and amount of nutrition, and they cannot me their own food they get nutriferom what the I can identify humans and so other animals skeletons and muscles for support, protect and movement Key Vocabular progression skeleton, skull, bones muscles, movement, support, protection, nutrition Sound Can identify	stem/trunk, leaves and flowers. I can explore the requirements of plants for light, water, nutrients from soil, room to grow) and how they vary from plant plant ake I can investigate the way in which water is transported within plants I can explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal. Key Vocabulary progression growth, germinate, light, temperature reproduce, lifecycle, woodland, meadow, hedgerow, pond Electricity	ar • I can describe in simple terms how fossils	
		 I can recognise that living things car in a variety of ways. 	n be grouped • I can describe the sir of the basic parts o		can compare and group materials ogether, according to whether they			nmon appliances that run on electricity. simple series electrical circuit, identifying and	
		 I can explore and use classification I 	keys to help system in humans.	s	olids, liquids, or gases.	vibrating.	naming its basic p	simple series electrical circuit, identifying and parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and	
		group, identify and name a variety		30 31	can observe that some materials cl	J	recognise that vibrations from buzzers		
		things in their local and wider envir		is and their state when they are heated or cool measure or research the temperatu		, I	sounds travel through a medium to the ear. • I can identify whether or not a lamp we circuit, based on whether or not the lar		
		and that this can sometimes pose dangers to • I can construct and in		I	terpret a which this happens in degrees Celsiu		I can find patterns between the pitch of with a battery.		
		living things.	variety of food cha				a sound and features of the object I can recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit an associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simp		
		<u>Key Vocabulary progression</u> vertebrates, invertebrates (+ I example of	identifying producer each) and prey.		vaporation and condensation in the ycle and associate the rate of evap		find patterns between the volume associate this with	. whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series	
		environment, habitat, classification key	Key Vocabulary pro	<u>ogression</u> v	ession. with temperature.		of a sound and the strength of the can recognise some common conductors and ins		
			mouth, tongue, teeth, oeso stomach, small intestine,				vibrations that produced it associate metals with being good conductors.		
			nutrients, absorb, canine,			as the	 I can recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source appliance, battery power, main power, circuit, series, cell, battery 		
			molar, producer, consume	er, apex	арех		increases. bulb, switch, break in circuit conductor, insulator		
			predator				Key Vocabulary progression vibration, wave, volume, pitch, tone,		
						insulation	'		
Year 5	Working scientifically	Forces	Earth and Space	Animals, including humans.	Living things and their habit	1 '	s and changes of materials		
	variables, measurements, accuracy, precision, repeat readings,	 I can explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth 	 I can describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, 	• I can describe the	 I can describe the differ the life cycles of a ma 	l l	n compare and group together everyday materials on the basi bility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), ar		
	predictions, further comparative and	because of the force of gravity	relative to the Sun in the solar	changes as	an amphibian, an insec	it and a 📗 1 km	ow that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solut	, ,	
	fair test, identify, classify and	acting between the Earth and the falling object.	system. I can describe the movement of	humans develop old age.	to bird. • I can describe the life p		lution		
	describe, patterns	I can identify the effects of air	the Moon relative to the Earth.	Key Vocabulary	reproduction in some pl		n use knowledge of solids, liquids, and gases to decide how m ering, sieving and evaporating.	ixiures might be separated, including through	
	report data — scientific diagrams,	resistance, water resistance and	I can describe the Sun, Earth	progression	animals.	• ca	n give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair	tests, for the particular uses of everyday	
	labels, classification keys, tables,	friction, that act between moving surfaces	and Moon as approximately spherical bodies.	womb, foetus, embry gestation, baby, toddl		٠, .	erials, including metals, wood and plastic.		
	scatter graphs, bar graph and line	I can recognise that some	 I can use the idea of the Earth's 	teenager, elderly		1 0	n demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state a n explain that some changes result in the formation of new	9	
	graphs report and present — conclusions,	mechanisms, including levers,	rotation to explain day and	growth, development, puberty			ally reversible, including changes associated with burning and	the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.	
	casual relationships, explanations,	pulleys, and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.	night and the apparent movement of the sun across the	, range 19		 	Key Vocabulary progres		
	degree of trust, oral and written	Key Vocabulary progression	sky.			hardness irreversit	, transparency, conductivity (electrical, thermal) solubility, so le	iuiun aissoive, Juier, evaporaie, sieve, reversible,	
	display and presentation evidence — support, refute, ideas or	air resistance, water resistance, friction, gravity lever, gear, pulley,	Key Vocabulary progression Earth, sun, moon, solar system, axis						
	arguments	Newtons	of rotation, day, night, phases of the						
V 5		1 g. 1a.1 le	moon, star, constellation	<u> </u>				Link	
Year 6			volution and inheritance I can recognise that living things have	Electricity • can associa	te the hrightness of a lamp or the	volume of a huzzor	Animals, including humans. ith I can identify and name the main parts of	• I can use the idea that light travels in	
		can describe how living things		 I can associate the brightness of a lamp or the the number and voltage of cells used in the ci 		voluntie o j a DUZZEM V	rior - 1 cart werth ja arta name the main parts 07	- I can use the then that light thavels the	
		I can describe how living things are classified into broad	changed over time and that fossils				the human circulatory system, and describe	straight lines to explain that objects are	
		are classified into broad groups according to common	changed over time and that fossils provide information about living thing	the number I can compa	and voltage of cells used in the cir re and give reasons for variations	cuit. in how components	the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and	straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light	
		are classified into broad	changed over time and that fossils	the number I can compaint function, in	and voltage of cells used in the cir	cuit. in how components	the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and	straight lines to explain that objects are	

Animals, including

Plants

Rocks

Year 3

Light

. Forces and magnets

	organisms, plants and	I can recognise that living things	I can use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a	I can recognise the impact of diet, exercise,	eyes or from light sources to objects and
	animals.	produce offspring of the same kind,	diagram.	drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies	then to our eyes.
	I can give reasons for	but normally offspring vary and are	Key Vocabulary progression	function.	I can use the idea that light travels in
	classifying plants and animals	not identical to their parents.	circuit – series, parallel voltage, volts, amps	• I can describe the ways in which nutrients and	straight lines to explain why shadows have
	based on specific	I can identify how animals and plants		water are transported within animals,	the same shape as the objects that cast.
	characteristics.	are adapted to suit their environment in		including humans.	Key Vocabulary progression.
	Key Vocabulary progression	different ways and that adaptation		Key Vocabulary progression	refraction, reflection, spectrum, rainbow
	characteristic, classification,	may lead to evolution.		function, circulatory system, heart, valve, blood	
	organism, micro-organism	Key Vocabulary progression		vessel, vein, artery transport, oxygenated,	
		adaptation, evolution, characteristic,		deoxygenated lifestyle, drug	
		reproduction, genetics, survival			